Amendments to Mining SEPP and Infrastructure SEPP

The purpose of this circular is to advise councils and the public of policy changes related to mining and extractive industry prohibitions and environmental monitoring stations.

Introduction
On 28 May 2010, an amendment was made to the State Environmental Planning Policy (Mining, Petroleum & Extractive Industries) 2007 (Mining SEPP) and State Environmental Planning Policy (Infrastructure) 2007 (Infrastructure SEPP).

This circular provides details of these amendments.

Mining SEPP prohibitions
The Mining SEPP has been amended to introduce two new prohibitions:

1) a prohibition of extractive industries on Lot 41 DP 1046841 and Lot 1 DP 302768, Peats Ridge Road, Somersby. This land is considered unsuitable for extractive industries due to the close proximity to a school and residential area.

2) a prohibition of open cut mining at the site of the Bickham Coal Project proposal and its associated exploration licence areas. The prohibition is intended to prevent impacts on the region’s water supply including the Pages River and groundwater reserves.

Both the Somersby Fields extractive industry and Bickham Coal Project prohibitions will provide greater certainty to the affected communities with respect to any future proposals.

Monitoring stations
In October 2009 the Minister for the Hunter announced a partnership between government agencies and the mining and power industries to establish the Upper Hunter Air Quality Monitoring Network. The planned network will include up to 14 air quality (dust) monitoring stations which will also monitor wind speed and wind direction.

In order to facilitate the establishment of the air quality monitoring network, the Infrastructure SEPP has been amended to allow a simplified approval process for environmental monitoring stations in general.

The amendments to the Infrastructure SEPP will make monitoring stations constructed by public authorities exempt development in prescribed zones, including rural land. On any other land, monitoring stations can be self assessed by the public authority, after taking into consideration any potential environmental impacts.

A monitoring station is defined as ‘a facility operated for the principal purpose of monitoring weather, noise, air, water, groundwater or environmental impacts’.

Further information

Copies of the Mining SEPP maps are also available on the NSW legislation website.

Note: This and other Department of Planning circulars are published on the web at http://www.planning.nsw.gov.au/circulars

Authorised by:
Sam Haddad
Director-General
NSW Department of Planning